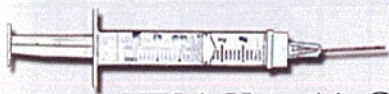


# Glove Materials 101:

## Not all glove materials are created equal



**Puncture:** Life-threatening illnesses like HIV & Hepatitis C can be transmitted through needlesticks.



**Cut:** Tissue & tendon damage can result. Infections occur if blade is contaminated, causing further damage.



**Washable:** Contaminates, bacteria, viruses & odors can collect on gloves: washing correctly will remove.

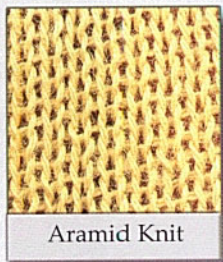


**Dexterity:** The ability to perform daily tasks easily and feel out contraband such as drugs & weapons.



TurtleSkin Systems

Can achieve the highest protection against both needlesticks & cuts.



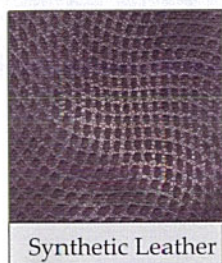
Aramid Knit

Used under leather on cut resistant gloves. Offers no needle protection.



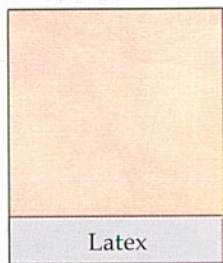
Leather

Used in general duty gloves, offers no needle or cut protection.



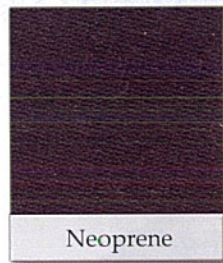
Synthetic Leather

Used in general duty gloves, offers no needle or cut protection.



Latex

Protects against liquids but offers no needle or cut protection.



Neoprene

Used in general duty gloves, offers no needle or cut protection.